## Using a Housing First/Harm Reduction in HIV Supportive Housing

Effective interventions for the individual and for the community





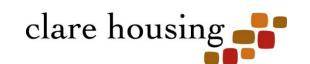
#### Presenters



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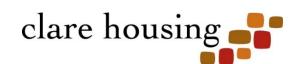
#### Who We Are





**Vision:** We envision an AIDS free world build on a foundation of equitable access to housing and health care

**Mission:** Clare Housing provides a continuum of affordable and supportive housing options that create healing communities and optimizes the health of people living with HIV/AIDS.





#### **Housing Programs**





#### **Community Care Homes**

Four homes, 16 residents 24/7 Care

#### **Supportive Housing**

Four apartment buildings – 149 households
Permanent Supportive Housing and Assisted Living Services

#### **Scattered site Housing**

42 households Independent Living – Limited Services



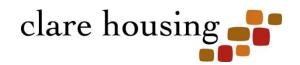


#### Total households/residents served



- Clare Housing has a total of 207 housing units, 15 of which are exclusively dedicated to families.
- In 2017, Clare Housing served a total of 240 households, which includes 33 households who terminated their lease during 2017 for any reason.
- The total number of persons housed Including partners & children, was 282.







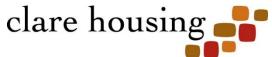
#### How We Finance Our Work



#### Construction

- HOPWA Federal Program
- Low-Income Housing Tax Credits
- Federal Home Loan Bank
- City, County and State Housing Trust Funds







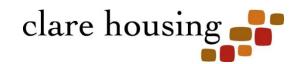
#### How We Finance Our Work



#### **Housing Rental Supports**

- HOPWA Federal Program
- Section 8 Federal Program
- Group Residential Housing –
   State Program
- Housing Trust Fund State Program
- HUD Shelter Plus Care (Family Units – Scattered Site)







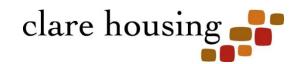
#### How We Finance Our Work



#### **Supportive Services**

- HOPWA
- Group Residential Housing
- CADI (Medicaid Waiver)
- Operating Funds

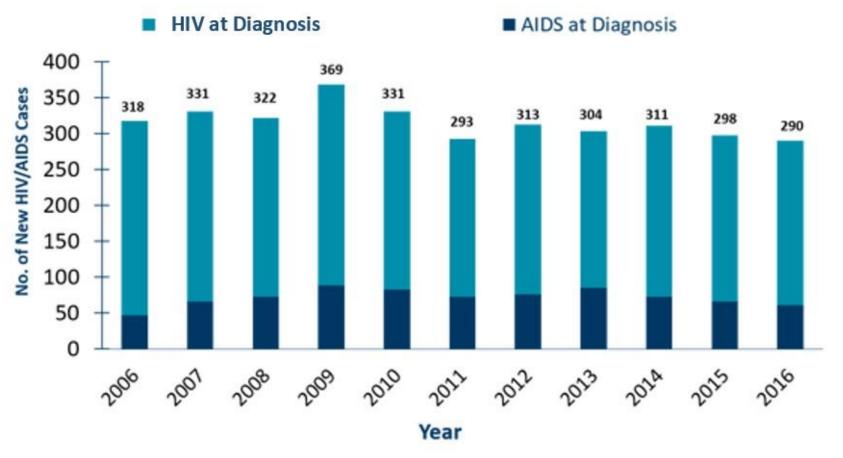




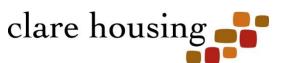
## Clare Housing Demographics



#### HIV in Minnesota – A Quick Look at The Numbers



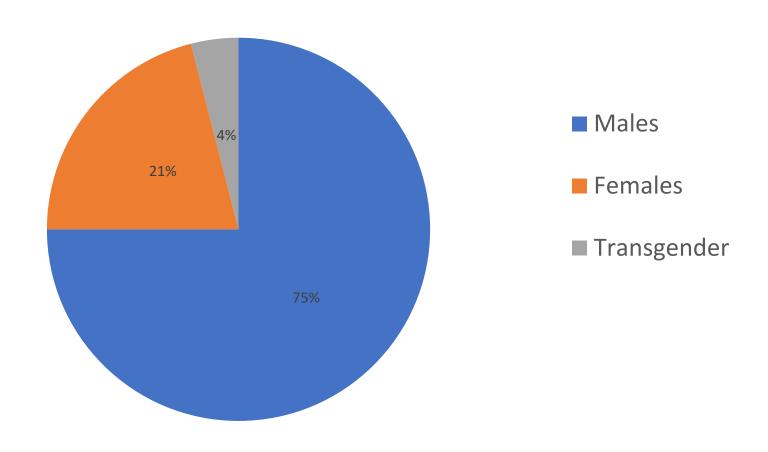
- 11,309 cases of HIV/AIDS since 1982
- On average 300 new infections, each year, over the last 10 years
- The number of people living with HIV has increased 54% over the last 10 years to 8,554

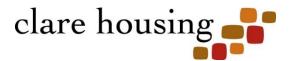




## 2017 Demographics: Gender



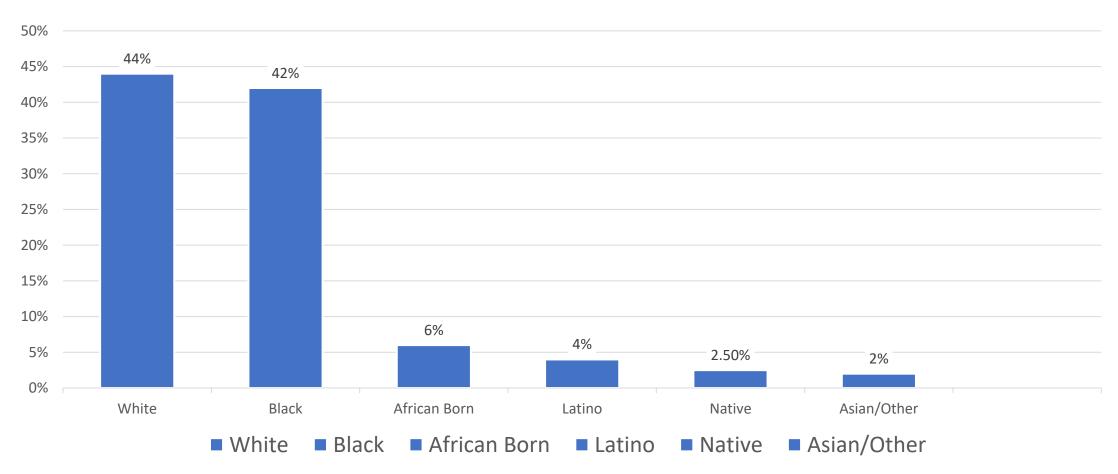


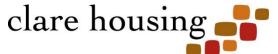




#### 2017 Demographics: Racial Backgrounds





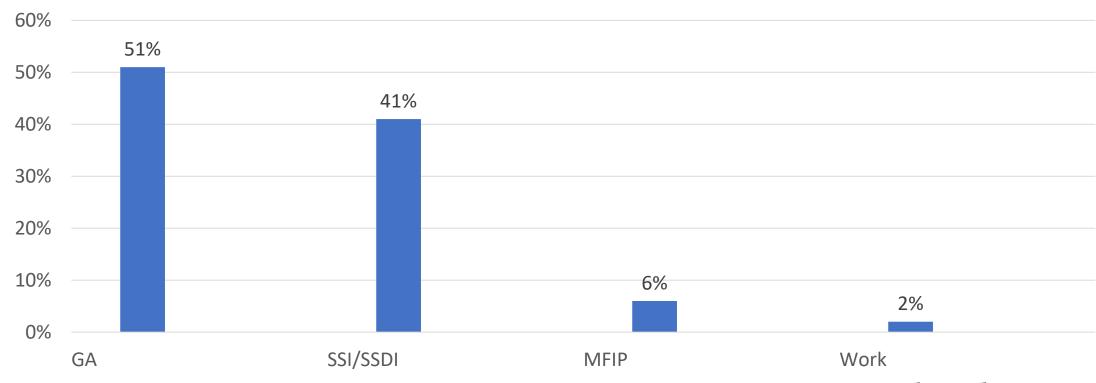


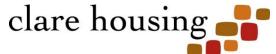


#### 2017 Demographics: Income





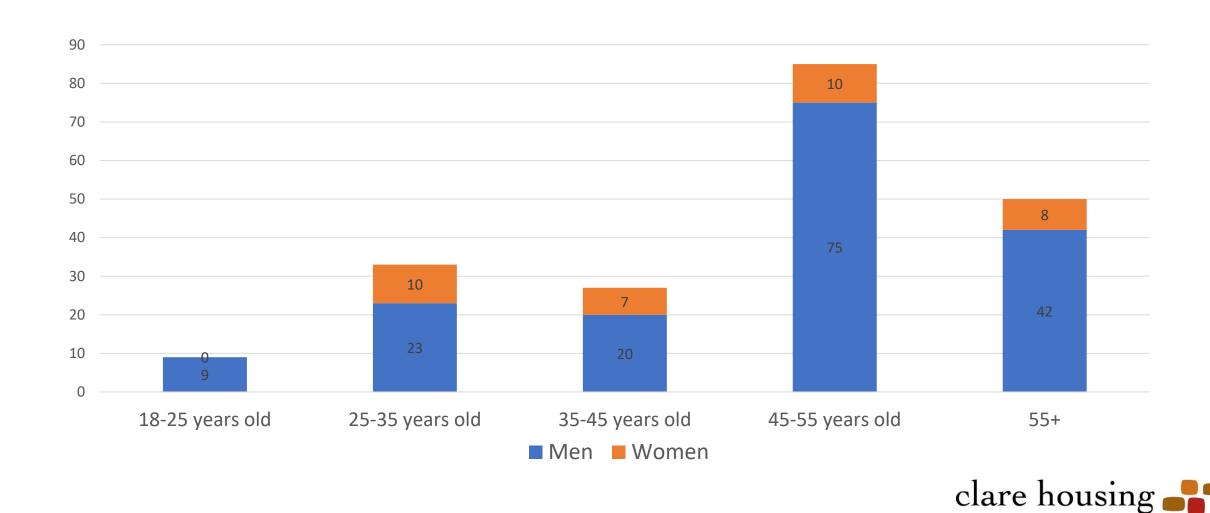






## 2017 Demographics: Age





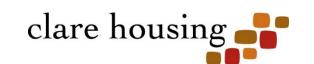


## 2017 Drug & Alcohol Use Prevalence



(Staff Observation/Resident Report/Lab Report)

Program/Site	Alcohol	Crack	Meth	Heroin/Opioids	Sober > 1yr
Community Care Homes	2	1	0	0	2
Clare Apartments	12	2	3	0	2
Clare Midtown	10	8	1	2	3
Clare Terrace	5	6	11	0	1
Scattered Site Housing	1	1	3	0	5
Total	30	18	18	2	13



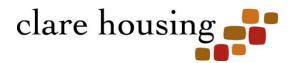


#### Diagnosed Mental Illness: ICD-10 Codes



Program	Prevalence	Percentage
Care Homes	15 of 16	94%
Homecare Programs	18 of 28	64%
Total	33 of 44	75%

Although we do not receive diagnostic information from our other residents, we can provide an informed estimate that up to 51% of those remaining clients also have mental health issues (treated or untreated).



## Clare Housing Program Philosophy







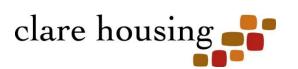
#### Housing First

- Get the most vulnerable folks into housing
- Reduce most barriers to getting into housing (criminal history, poor rental history, etc.)



- "Meet clients where they're at" in regard to their substance use, mental health issues.
- Small, attainable goals. Non-judgmental approach.





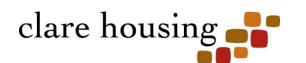


#### Why Housing First for People Living with HIV?



- Compassionate
- Good public health approach
- Effective for the greater community
- Leads to positive health outcomes
- Assists with HIV prevention

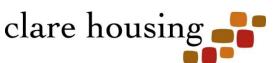




#### ••• Why Harm Reduction for People Living with HIV?

- Keeps people housed, who may otherwise lose their housing due to inability to stay sober.
- Housed residents may still use drugs & alcohol but most still achieve excellent HIV medication adherence and reach "undetectable" levels.
- Housing First/Harm Reduction approach is cost effective. Lower public costs than expensive ER/hospitalizations/nursing home stays.

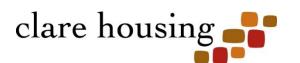








- Utilize "Critical Time Intervention" Strategies
  - C.T.I. model builds the relationship between service provider and homeless client as early as possible before placement;
  - Understands that formerly homeless persons need intensive, tiered support during their first year in housing.
  - C.T.I. workers need to be a trustworthy, consistent presence in newly housed person's living space to "get them off to a good start." Assist with everything from housekeeping to maintaining lease obligations.

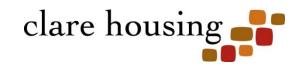






- Understand Trauma & Generational Trauma
  - Understand and tolerate behavioral issues and disruptions
  - Utilize A.C.E. and other trauma assessments
  - Try Behavioral Plans among staff (RN, social worker, direct line staff)
  - Expectations clear, but high tolerance for issues
  - Roles of racism, classism



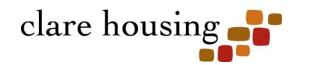






- Work with a property management company that understands a supportive housing model:
  - More long-term success in housing difficult clients when the property management company is on board with mission.
  - "Good Cop vs. Bad Cop" (PMD & Services)
  - Weekly planning sessions
  - Collaborative Eviction Prevention Plans









- Make robust supportive services available on site (and yet voluntary):
  - Mental Health Services (Clare Housing contracts with provider);
  - Licensed Alcohol & Drug Counselor (For Rule 25 assessments and on-site support)
  - "Project Undetectable" (RN can meet with residents)
  - Activities and Social Opportunities (yoga, acupuncture, bingo!)
  - Walk-in Supportive Services

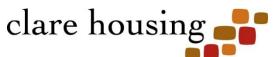


clare housing





- Recognize that we don't have all the answers:
  - Work closely with outside case managers, clinic social workers, mental health professionals. Care conferences. Brainstorming sessions.
  - Be open to creative ideas in keeping persons housed (e.g. allow client to set up tent inside apartment...) or to achieve adherence (celebration, gift cards).
  - Housing Stability Specialist: takes our toughest cases. (Hoarding, non-payment of rent, hands-on help, skills building, etc.)



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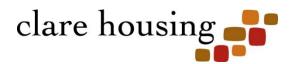
## Challenges for Clare Housing



• Serving individuals with histories of trauma can lead to increased behavioral issues/outbursts from our clients.

• Serving individuals who have engaged in violence in the past makes it possible that they will engage in violence in our housing setting.

 Emotional toll on direct-line staff and managers, including increased staff turn over. Self-care and supportive work environment is imperative.



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## Challenges for Clare Housing

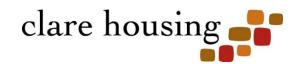


• Increased turnover is likely to be at a higher rate than other affordable housing buildings. This creates cash flow implications.

• Need for 24/7 services and heightened security services on occasion.

 Potential damages to unit/building and increased insurance claims for repairs.

Clients may be at risk of non-payment of rent due.





#### Challenge for Clare Housing – Keeping People Housed



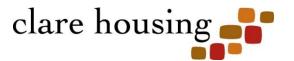
		Total Lease	% of			
	Total # Units	Terminations	Terminations	Positive	Negative	Deaths
2014	116	18	16%	7	8	3
2015	116	21	18%	9	7	5
2016	171	37	22%	12	20	5
2017	207	33	16%	11	19	3



#### 2017 Program Outcomes: Housing Stability



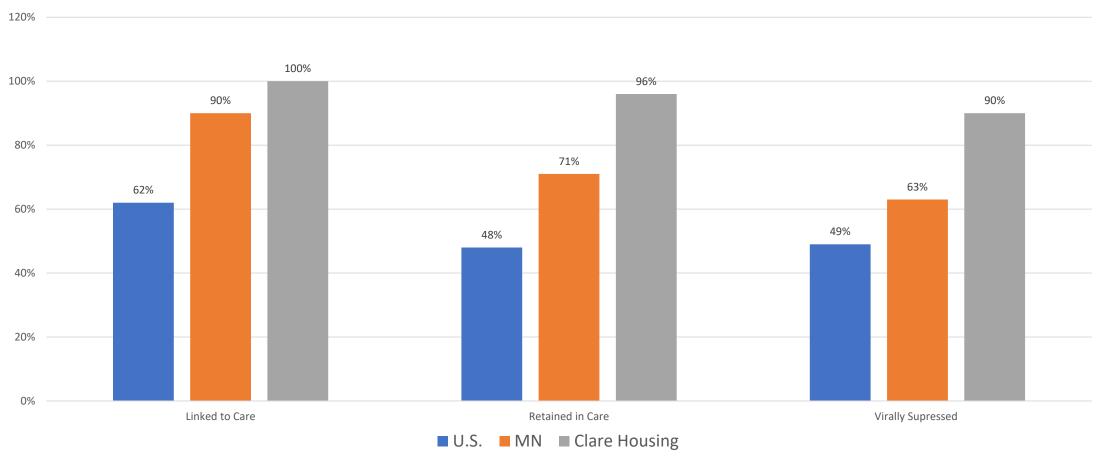
- In 2017, when counting all current residents <u>and</u> discharged residents;
  - 93% of our residents stayed in their housing one year or longer.
  - Average length of housing is 4 years
  - Average length of housing for those discharged 1.7 years

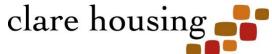




## 2017 Program Outcomes: HIV Health





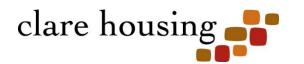


#### 2017 Program Outcomes: HIV Health



 On 12/29/2017, 69 of 163 residents in housing engaged in problematic/heavy use of drugs or alcohol (42%) and many (estimated at 51%) are living with a mental illness...

• None-the-less, <u>90%</u> of all of Clare Housing's current clients are virally suppressed!

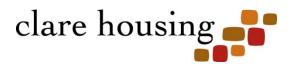


## 2017 Program Outcomes: Employment



• As of 12.31.17, 40 (17%) of Clare Housing residents had a part-time job supplementing their monthly income.

 Another 17 clients had a job during the past year, but were not currently working as of 12.31.17.



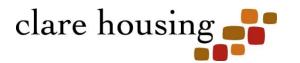
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#### Lessons Learned in 2017



 Having an on-site Licensed Alcohol and Drug Counselor at Midtown, Terrace, and Clare NE was a well-utilized resource. However, whether this service will lead to fewer disruptions and lease terminations remains to be seen.

• The high prevalence of meth amphetamine abuse is resulting in decreased housing stability. There is a need for creative or non-traditional interventions to help this population succeed in maintaining their housing.



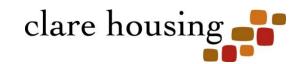


#### 2017 Lessons Learned



 Trauma and generational trauma issues are present in many of our clients and deepening staff understanding and training will continue to be important moving forward.









#### THANK YOU!

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